

## Amendment to the Claims

This listing of the claims will replace all prior versions and listing of claims in this application.

## Listing

Please cancel claims 1-4 without prejudice or disclaimer.

Claim 5 (canceled).

Claim 6 (previously presented): Apparatus responsive to presence of a fluid at a predetermined level within a fluid-receiving space in which the fluid can rise to the predetermined level and for providing a control function if a level of the fluid shifts from the predetermined level, comprising:

    signal generating circuitry capable of introducing a level-determining signal into the fluid-containing space such that the level-determining signal is present for sensing within fluid at the predetermined level if, and only if, the fluid level is at least as high as the predetermined level,

    probe and probe-responsive circuitry having a sensitivity capable of sensing the presence of the level-determining signal within the fluid at the predetermined level,

    wherein the probe is configured for being inserted into the fluid-receiving space at the predetermined level, and

    control circuitry capable of providing a control function in response to whether the level-determining signal is so sensed, in order to indicate whether the fluid has a level at least as high as the predetermined level,

    whereby the control function may be used for alarm or cut-off purposes if the fluid level shifts relative to the predetermined level, said level-determining signal being transmitted through the fluid in the fluid-receiving space according to the value of electrical conductivity of the fluid, and the system including a provision for selectively adjusting the sensitivity of the probe-responsive circuitry according to a predetermined threshold of said value, wherein said level-determining signal is bipolar, the control

circuitry providing multiple signal paths for responding to respective different polarities of the bipolar signal sensed by the probe, whereby the control function is provided with fail-safe operation.

Claim 7 (previously presented): The apparatus as set forth in claim 6, wherein the probe-responsive circuitry comprises detector circuitry operatively associated with the probe for receiving and determining the level-determining signal.

Claim 8 (previously presented): A low-water cut-off system for determining if water drops below a predetermined level within a water-containing enclosure, comprising:

    a signal generator operative to introduce a bipolar signal into the water-containing enclosure such that the bipolar signal is present for sensing within water at the predetermined level,

    a probe at the predetermined level capable of sensing the presence of the bipolar signal within the water if the water is at the predetermined level, and

    a control responsive to the probe sensing for providing a control function in response to whether the bipolar signal is so sensed by the probe, in order to indicate whether the water has dropped below the predetermined level wherein the signal is transmitted through water in the water-containing enclosure according to the value of electrical conductivity of the water, the system including a provision for selectively adjusting the sensitivity of the probe sensing according to a predetermined threshold of said value;

    said control providing a plurality of signal paths for responding to respective different polarities of the bipolar signal sensed by the probe, and

    a signalling circuit responsive only to proper operation of said plurality of signal paths, such that if one or the other of the plurality of signal paths fails to operate, a low water signalling will occur,

    whereby low-water signalling operation is a fail-safe operation.

Claim 9 (previously presented): A low-water cut-off system for determining if water drops below a predetermined level within a water-containing enclosure, comprising:

    a signal generator operative to introduce a signal into the water-containing enclosure such that the signal is present for sensing within water at the predetermined level,

    a probe at the predetermined level capable of sensing the presence of the signal within the water if the water is at the predetermined level, and

    a control responsive to the probe sensing for providing a control function in response to whether the signal is so sensed by the probe, in order to indicate thereby whether water has dropped below the predetermined level wherein the signal is transmitted through water in the enclosure according to the value of electrical conductivity of the water, the system including a provision for selectively adjusting the sensitivity of the probe sensing according to a predetermined threshold of said value;

    said control having a first network for response to positive-going pulses of said signal sensed by the probe,

    said first network being responsive to the presence or absence of said sensed signal, and providing a first low-water signal control operation;

    said control having a second network for response to negative-going pulses of said signal sensed by the probe,

    said second network being responsive to the presence or absence of said sensed signal, and providing a second low-water signal control operation; and

    a signalling circuit responsive only to both of said first and second low-water signal control operations, whereby to ensure fail-safe low-water signalling.

Claim 10 (previously presented): In a system for probe monitoring of liquid in a vessel by means of a probe associated with the vessel, including provision for introducing a bipolar periodic signal to the vessel for being sensed by the probe, the improvement comprising

    a probe signal-responsive control operable in response to sensing of the bipolar signal by the probe,

the control providing multiple signal paths for responding to respective different polarities of the bipolar signal sensed by the probe, and

a signalling provision responsive only to proper operation of both signal paths, whereby response to the probe signal is fail-safe.

Please cancel claims 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15 without prejudice or disclaimer.

Claim 16 (currently amended): A method of electronically determining whether fluid is at a predetermined level within a fluid-receiving space, comprising the steps of:

introducing a signal into the fluid-receiving space such that the signal is present for sensing within fluid at the predetermined level, the signal being transmitted through fluid in the fluid-receiving space according to a value of electric conductivity of the fluid,

providing a probe at the predetermined level for sensing said signal,

sensing for the presence of the signal within the fluid at the predetermined level,

providing a control function in response to whether the signal is so sensed, in order to indicate whether the fluid is or is not present at the predetermined level wherein the control function is an indication that fluid is lower than the predetermined level, and at least the sensing and control functions providing a means of being carried out by microprocessor control, and by further using said microprocessor control to determine a delay on make, delay on break, or both a delay on break time and a delay on make operations for indication that fluid is lower than said predetermined level, and

selectively adjusting the sensitivity of the probe for sensing the presence of the signal in the fluid according to said value of electrical conductivity. The method according to claim 15,

wherein the step of sensing for the presence of the signal at the predetermined level is carried out by using a detector circuit interconnected with the probe which detector circuit has dual signal paths, and

causing pulses of a first polarity to be processed in one signal path and pulses of an opposite polarity to be processed in the other signal path such that the control function is provided only in response to signal processing in both signal processes,

whereby to provide a fail-safe operation.

wherein sensing for the presence of the signal is carried out by using a signal-responsive probe inserted into the fluid-receiving space at the predetermined level

wherein the signal introduced into the fluid-receiving space is of a periodic nature, and

wherein the periodic signal is coupled to the fluid in the space from a bipolar periodic signal generating circuit.

Please cancel claims 17-20 without prejudice or disclaimer.

Claim 21 (original): A method of probe monitoring of liquid in a vessel by use of a probe associated with the vessel, comprising

introducing a bipolar periodic signal to the vessel for being picked up by the probe,

using a probe signal-responsive control operable in response to sensing of the signal by the probe,

processing of the sensed signal, for purposes of signalling, in at least a pair of separate signal paths for responding to respective different polarities of the bipolar signal sensed by the probe, and

signalling in response only to proper operation of both of said at least a pair of signal paths,

whereby said signalling is a fail-safe operation.

Claim 22 (new): Apparatus responsive to presence of a fluid at a predetermined level within a fluid-receiving space in which the fluid can rise to the predetermined level and for providing a control function if a level of the fluid shifts from the predetermined level, comprising:

signal generating circuitry capable of introducing a level-determining signal into the fluid-containing space such that the level-determining signal is present for sensing within fluid at the predetermined level if, and only if, the fluid level is at least as high as the predetermined level,

probe and probe-responsive circuitry having a sensitivity capable of sensing the presence of the level-determining signal within the fluid at the predetermined level,

wherein the probe is configured for being inserted into the fluid-receiving space at the predetermined level, and

control circuitry capable of providing a control function in response to whether the level-determining signal is so sensed, in order to indicate whether the fluid has a level at least as high as the predetermined level,

whereby the control function may be used for alarm or cut-off purposes if the fluid level shifts relative to the predetermined level, said level-determining signal being transmitted through the fluid in the fluid-receiving space according to the value of electrical conductivity of the fluid, and the system including a provision for selectively adjusting the sensitivity of the probe-responsive circuitry according to a predetermined threshold of said value, wherein said level-determining signal is bipolar, the control circuitry providing multiple signal paths for responding to respective different polarities of the bipolar signal sensed by the probe, whereby the control function is provided with fail-safe operation,

wherein the control function determines either a delay on make, delay on break, both a delay on make and a delay on break, or neither a delay on make and a delay on break operations.